



















Datasheet

Tianma

NL8060BC31-47D

12.1" TFT Display

NL-€F-0FÏ

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NLT Technologies, Ltd.

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NL8060BC31-47D

31cm (12.1 Type) SVGA LVDS interface (1port)



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INTRODUCTION

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Each quality grade is designed for applications described below. Any customer who intends to use a product for application other than that of Standard is required to contact an NLT sales representative in advance.

The **Standard:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products are free from any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and not related the safety of the public (Social Issues), like general electric devices.

Examples: Office equipment, audio and visual equipment, communication equipment, test and measurement equipment, personal electronic equipment, home electronic appliances, car navigation system (with no vehicle control functions), seat entertainment monitor for vehicles and airplanes, fish finder (except marine radar integrated type), PDA, etc.

The **Special:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might directly cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and required high level reliability by conventional wisdom.

Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

The **Specific:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might severe cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by the customer who requires extremely high level reliability and quality.

Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.

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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL8060BC31-47D is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

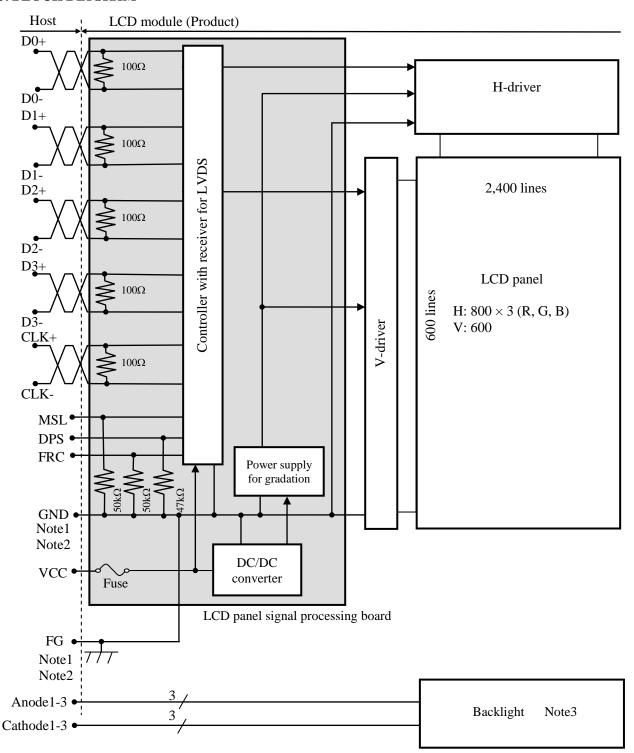
1.3 FEATURES

- Long life LED backlight type
- High luminance
- High contrast
- Wide viewing angle
- Wide temperature range
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8bit or 6bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Replaceable lamp holder for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Compliance with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU)

2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	246.0 (H) × 184.5 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	31cm (12.1 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16,777,216 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= High) 262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= Low or Open)
Pixel	800 (H) × 600 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	0.1025 (H) × 0.3075 (V) mm
Pixel pitch	0.3075 (H) × 0.3075 (V) mm
Module size	280.0 (W) × 210.0 (H) × 9.1 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	580 g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	900:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 • Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.) • Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 80° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	 At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: Up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: Down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒ 2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular)
Polarizer surface	Antiglare
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600]
Polarizer pencil-hardness Color gamut	3H (min.) [by JIS K5600] At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
-	At LCD panel center
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space] $Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$
Color gamut Response time	At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space] Ton+Toff (10%←→90%) 18 ms (typ.) At IL= 50mA/One circuit
Color gamut Response time Luminance	At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space] Ton+Toff (10%←→90%) 18 ms (typ.) At IL= 50mA/One circuit 450 cd/m² (typ.) LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)] LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V
Color gamut Response time Luminance Signal system	At LCD panel center 40% (typ.) [against NTSC color space] Ton+Toff (10%←→90%) 18 ms (typ.) At IL= 50mA/One circuit 450 cd/m² (typ.) LVDS 1port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8bit/6bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM



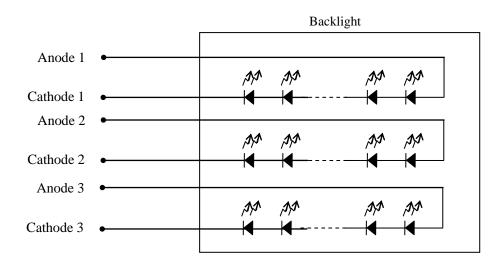
Note1: Relations between GND (Signal ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module are as follows.

GND- FG

Connected

Note2: GND and FG must be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds are connected together in customer equipment.

Note3: Backlight in detail



4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$280.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 210.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 9.1 \pm 0.5 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	246.0 (H) × 184.5 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	580 (typ.), 600 (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal	processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +4.0	V		
Input voltage for	Display No		VD	-0.3 to VCC+0.3	3.7	-	
signals	Function No		VF	and -0.3 to +4.0	V		
Backlight	Forward	current	IL	70	mA	per one circuit	
	Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-	
Operating	emperature	Front surface	TopF	-30 to +80	°C	Note3	
Operating t	етрегасите	Rear surface	TopR	-30 to +80	Note4		
				≤ 95	%	Ta≤40°C	
				≤ 85	%	40°C <ta≤ 50°c<="" td=""></ta≤>	
	Relative humidity Note5		RH	≤ 55	%	50°C <ta≤ 60°c<="" td=""></ta≤>	
				≤ 36	%	60°C <ta≤ 70°c<="" td=""></ta≤>	
				≤ 24	%	70°C <ta≤ 80°c<="" td=""></ta≤>	
	Absolute humidity Note5		AH	≤ 70 Note6	g/m ³	-	

Note1: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-

Note2: DPS, FRC, MSL

Note3: Measured at LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at Ta= 80°C and RH= 24%

4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	;	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	380 Note1	550 Note2	mA	at VCC = 3.3V
Permissible ripple volta	VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VCC	
Differential input	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM=1.2V
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance	e	RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Input voltage for	High	VFH	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	CMOS level
DPS, FRC and MSL signals	Low	VFL	0	-	0.3VCC	V	CIVIOS level
Input current for	High	IFH	-	-	300	μΑ	
FRC and MSL signals	Low	IFL	-300	-	-	μΑ	-

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

4.3.2 Backlight

(Ta=25°C, Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Forward current	IL	-	50.0	55.0	mA	-
Forward Voltage		21.2	24.0	27.2		Ta= +25°C at IL= 50mA /One circuit
	VL	19.28	-	-	V	Ta= +80°C at IL= 50mA /One circuit
		-	-	29.84	v	Ta= -30°C at IL= 50mA /One circuit
		-	-	30.56		Ta= -30°C at IL= 55mA /One circuit

Note1: Please drive with constant current.

Note2: The above specifications are for one LED circuit of the backlight.

Note3: The Luminance uniformity may be changed depending on the current variation between 3 circuits. It is recommended that the current value difference between each circuit is less than 5%.

4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power sup	ply voltage	Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VCC	3.3V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

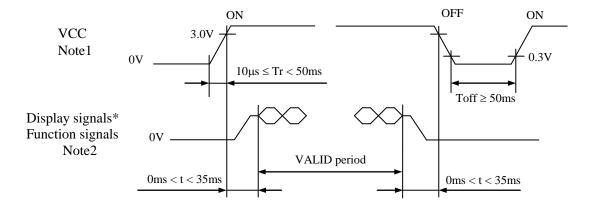
4.3.4 Fuse

Donomatan		Fuse	Datina	Eusing suggest	Domontra
Parameter	Type	Supplier	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
VCC	FCC16202AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	2.0A	4.0A	Note 1
VCC	FCC10202AB	CO., LTD.	32V	4.0A	Note1

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.

4.4 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.4.1 LCD panel signal processing board



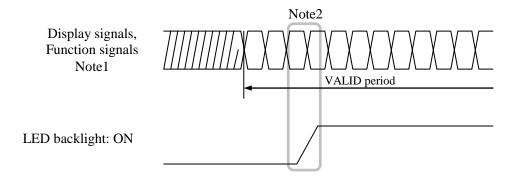
^{*} These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VCC rising edge is below 3.0V, a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS, FRC and MSL) must be Low or High-impedance, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid that internal circuits is damaged.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If customer stops the display and function signals, they should be cut VCC.

4.4.2 LED driver board



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.

4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): FI-SE20P-HFE (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))
Adaptable plug: FI-S20S (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

A	лари	ible plug:	FI	-S20S (Japan .	Aviation Electronics	maustry Limit	ea (JAE))					
Pi	in	Symbol	Signal	Input data	signal: 8bit	Input data	Remarks					
N	0.	Symbol	Signai	MAP A	MAP B	signal: 6bit	Kemarks					
1	A	D3+	Pixel data	R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1	R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7	-	Note1, Note3					
	В	GND	Ground		-	Ground	Note4					
2	A	D3-	Pixel data	a R0-R1,G0-G1,B0-B1 R6-R7,G6-G7,B6-B7		-	Note1, Note3					
	В	GND	Ground	d -			-				Ground	Note4
3	3	DPS	Selection of scan direction	C	Reverse scan Normal scan		Note2					
	4	FRC	Selection of the number of colors	Hi	gh	Low or Open	Note1 Note5					
5	5	GND	Ground		Ground		Note4					
6	5	CLK+	Pixel clock		Pixel clock		Note3					
7	7	CLK-	I ixel clock		1 ixel clock		Notes					
8	3	GND	Ground	Ground			Note4					
Ģ)	D2+	Pixel data	B4-B7,DE	E	Note3						
1	0	D2-	rixei data	B4-B7,DE	B2-B5,D	E	Notes					
1	1	GND	Ground		Ground							
1	2	D1+	Pixel data	G3-G7,B2-B3	G1-G5,B0-	D 1	Note3					
1	3	D1-	i ixei data	G3-G7,B2-B3	G1-G5,B0	-Б1	Notes					
1	4	GND	Ground		Ground		Note4					
1	5	D0+	Pixel data	R2-R7,G2	R0-R5,G		Note3					
1	6	D0-	i inci uata	N2-N1,U2	K0-K3,0	o C	THUES					
1	7	GND	Ground		Ground		Note4					
1	8	MSL	Selection of LVDS input map	Low	Low High							
1	9	VCC	Power supply		NoteA							
2	0.	VCC	r ower suppry		Note4							

Note1: See "4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS".

Note2: See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

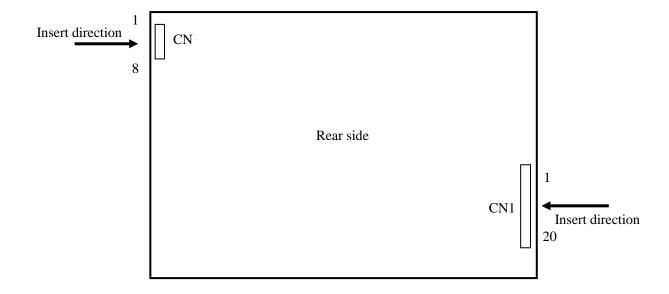
Note5: See "4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS".

4.5.2 Backlight

CN2 plug (LCD module side): SM08B-SRSS-TB (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)
Adaptable socket: SHR-08V-S, SHR-08V-S-B (J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

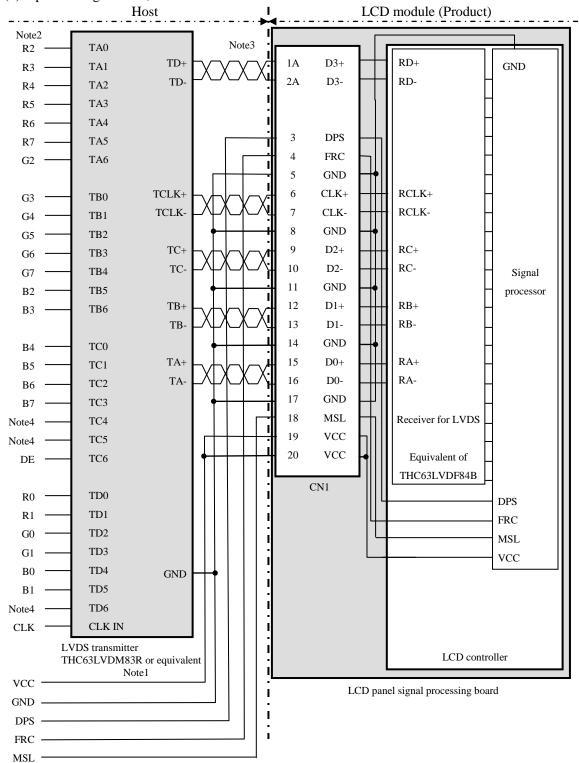
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	A1	Anode1	-
2	K1	Cathode1	-
3	A2	Anode2	-
4	K2	Cathode2	-
5	A3	Anode3	-
6	K3	Cathode3	-
7	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.
8	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.

4.5.3 Positions of plug and socket



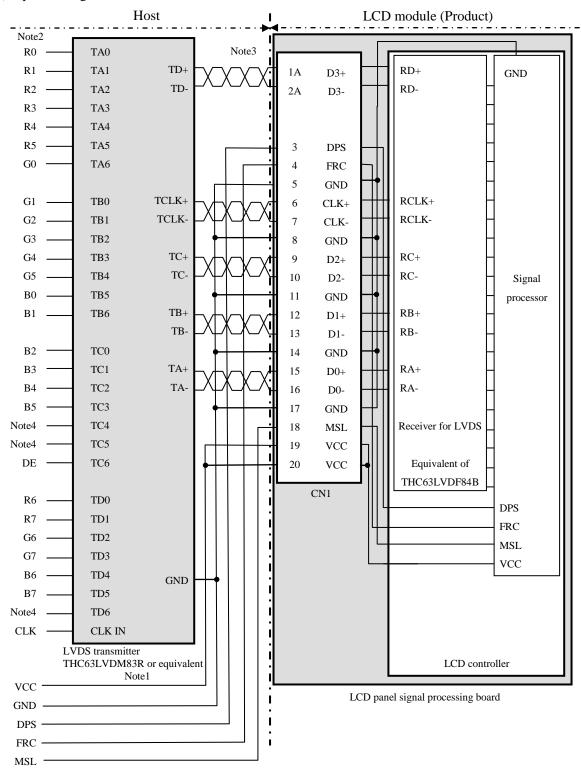
4.5.4 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

(1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A



- Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R7, G7, B7
- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.

(2) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B

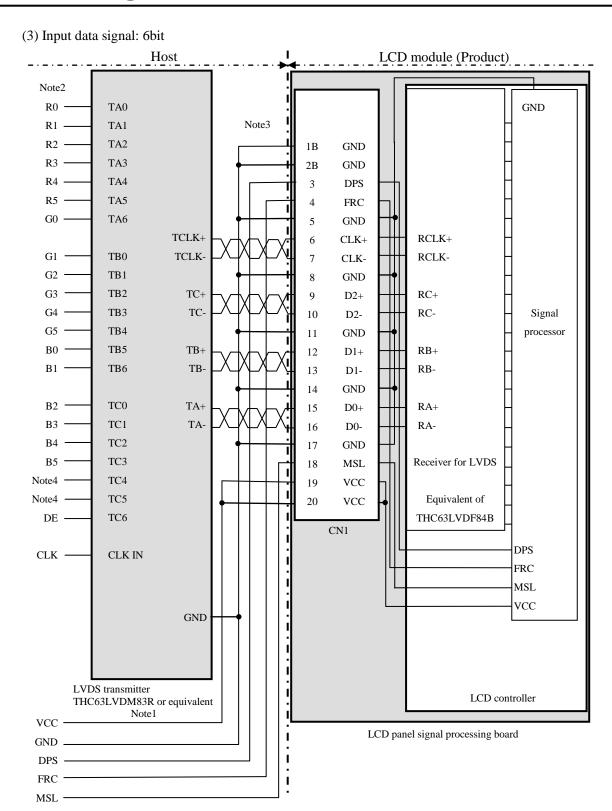


Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R7, G7, B7

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.



Note1: Recommended transmitter THC63LVDM83R (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent

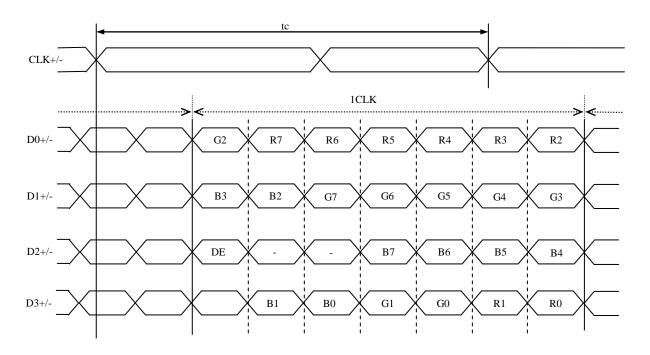
Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R5, G5, B5

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

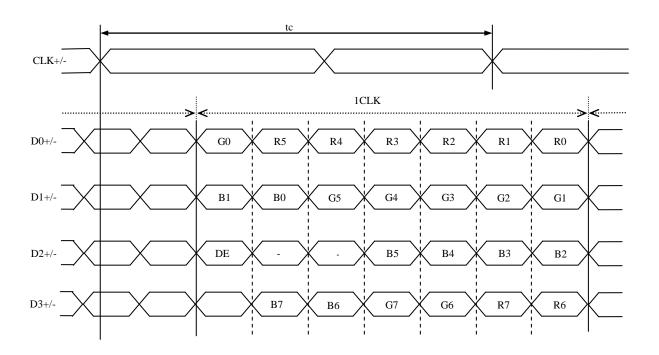
Note4: Input signals to TC4 and TC5 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.

4.5.5 Input data mapping

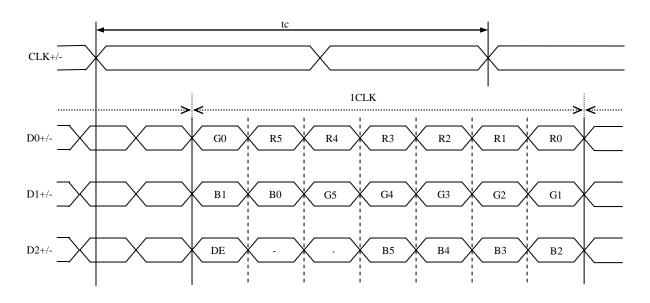
(1) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP A



(2) Input data signal: 8bit, MAP B



(3) Input data signal: 6bit



4.6 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal

This product can display in equivalent to 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales and 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal. See following table.

Combination	Input data signals	Input data mapping	CN1- Pin No.1 and 2	FRC terminal	MSL terminal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8 bit	Map A	D3+/-	High	Low	16,777,216	Note1
2	8 bit	Map B	D3+/-	High	High	16,777,216	Note1
3	6 bit	-	GND	Low or open	Low	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "**4.6.2 16,777,216 colors**". Note2: See "**4.6.3 262,144 colors**".

4.6.2 16,777,216 colors

This product can display equivalent of 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales by combination ① and ②. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal** ".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display colors									Data	a sig	nal ((0: I	Low	leve	el, 1:	Hi	gh le	evel)							
Dispia	ly colors	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	' G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	В3	B2	В1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ва	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay .	↑					:							:	:								:			
Red gray scale	\downarrow					:							:	:								:			
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
' sc	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	1					:								:								:			
en §	↓			0		:	0	0	0					:		0						:	0		0
Gre	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
32S .	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale	1																								
g ən	↓	0	0	0	0	: 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	: 0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	. 1	1	0	1
Blì	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Diuc	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.6.3 262,144 colors

This product can display equivalent of 262,144 colors in 64 gray scales by combination ③. (See "**4.6.1 Combinations between input data signals, FRC signal and MSL signal** ".) Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

Display colors							Data	a sign	al (0:		level	, 1: F	ligh le	evel)					
Display	COIOIS	R 5	R4	R3	R2	R 1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В5	B4	В3	B 2	B 1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
lors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
asic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ä	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	<u> </u>			:	:					:	:						:		
b 8	.	1			:	0		0	0		:	0	0		0	0	:	0	0
Re	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0		0	0	0	0			0	0	
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
cale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S Si	dark ↑	0	U	· ·		U	U	U	U	· ·		1	U	0	U	U		U	U
Green gray scale	\downarrow																		
een	∀ bright	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	1	1	1	. 1	0	1	0	0	0	. 0	0	0
Ġ	origin	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dittek	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
cale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
S St	↑			:	:					:	:						:		
Blue gray scale	,			:	:					:	:						:		
lue	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
В		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS

The following table is the coordinates per pixel (See "4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".).

C (0, 0)						
R G	В					
7			1		T	1
$\left(\begin{array}{cc} C(&0,&0) \end{array}\right)$	C(1, 0)	• • •	C(X, 0)	• • •	C(798, 0)	C(799, 0)
C(0,1)	C(1, 1)		C(X, 1)		C(798, 1)	C(799, 1)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•		•		•	
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, Y)	C(1, Y)		C(X, Y)		C(798, Y)	C(799, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•		•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
C(0, 598)	C(1, 598)	• • •	C(X, 598)		C(798, 598)	C(799, 598)
C(0, 599)	C(1, 599)	• •	C(X, 599)		C(798, 599)	C(799, 599)

4.8 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view. Also the arrow shows the direction of scan.

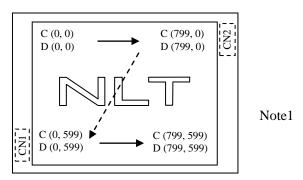


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

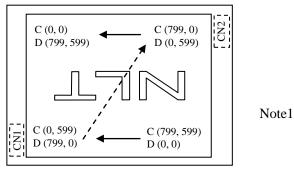


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

Note1: Meaning of C (X, Y) and D (X, Y)

C (X, Y): The coordinates of the display position (See "4.7 DISPLAY POSITIONS".)

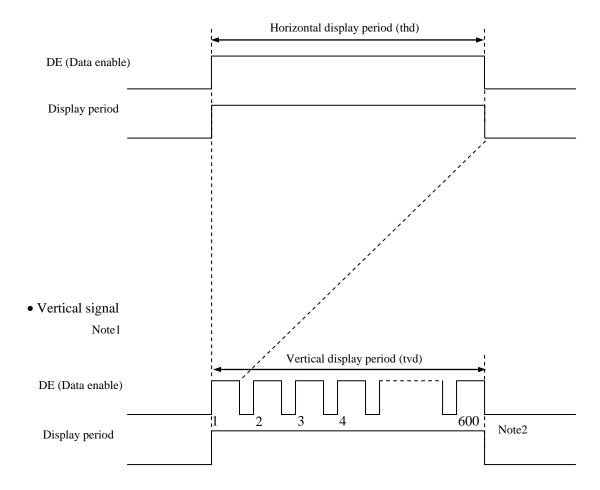
D (X, Y): The data number of input signal for LCD panel signal processing board

4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.9.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note2: See "4.9.3 Input signal timing chart" for numeration of pulse.

4.9.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

Parameter			Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Fre	1/tc	34.0	38.362	42.0	MHz	26.067ns (typ.)		
CLK		Duty	-				-		
	Rise tir	me, Fall time	-		-		ns	-	
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-	-			ns		
DATA	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-				ns	-	
	Rise tir	ne, Fall time	-				ns		
		Cycle	th	24.0	26.693	30.1	μs		
	Horizontal	Cycle		-	1,024	-	CLK	37.463kHz (typ.)	
		Display period	thd	800		CLK	<u></u>		
		Cyala	tri	16.1	16.683	17.2	ms		
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle	tv	-	625	-	Н	59.94Hz (typ.)	
	(one name)	Display period	tvd	600			Н		
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-		•	•	ns		
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-		-		ns	-	
Rise tir		ne, Fall time	-				ns		

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

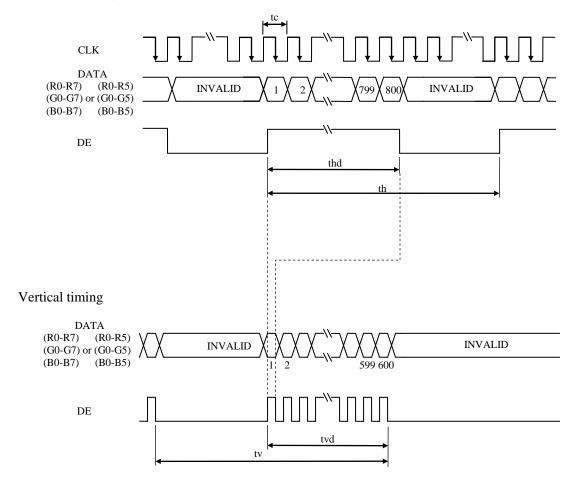
tc = 1CLK, th = 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).

4.9.3 Input signal timing chart

Horizontal timing



4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

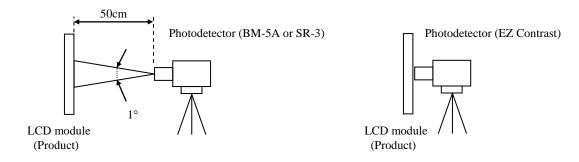
Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	300	450	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A	-
Contrast ra	ntio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	500	900	1	1	BM-5A	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	1	1.25	1.4	1	BM-5A	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	wnite	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.570	-	-		
Channatiaity		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.350	-	-		
Chromaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.350	-	-	SR-3	Note5
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.540	-	-	SK-S	Notes
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.155	-	-		
		y coordinate	By	-	0.135	-	-		
Color gamut		$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space	C	35	40	-	%		
Response ti	ima	White to Black		-	3	6	ms	BM-5A	Note6
Kesponse ti	ime	Black to White	Toff	-	15	19	ms	DIVI-JA	Note7
	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	70	80	-	0		
V:i1-	Left	θ U= 0°, θ D= 0°, CR \geq 10	θL	70	80	-	0	EZ	N-4-0
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	70	80	-	0	Contrast	Note8
	Down	$\theta R=0^{\circ}, \theta L=0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	θD	70	80	ı	0		

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta = 25°C, VCC = 3.3V, IL = 50mA/One circuit, Display mode: SVGA, Horizontal cycle = 1/37.463kHz, Vertical cycle = 1/59.94Hz, DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: $TopF = 28^{\circ}C$

Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".

4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

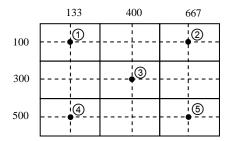
Contrast ratio (CR) =
$$\frac{\text{Luminance of white screen}}{\text{Luminance of black screen}}$$

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

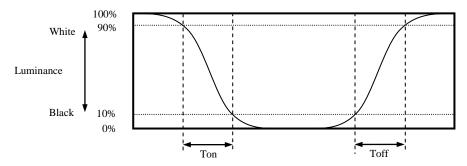
Luminance uniformity (LU) =
$$\frac{\text{Maximum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}{\text{Minimum luminance from } \textcircled{1} \text{ to } \textcircled{5}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

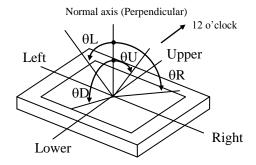


4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles



5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Condition	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit
LED	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, IL=50mA/One circuit	70,000	,
elementary substance	80°C (Surface temperature at screen) Continuous operation, IL=50mA/One circuit	60,000	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

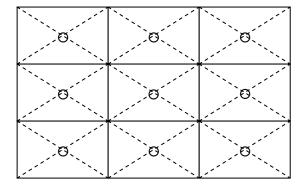
Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment Note1			
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	 ① 60 ± 2°C, RH= 90%, 240hours ② Display data is black. 				
High temperature (Operation)	 ① 80 ± 3°C, 240hours ② Display data is black. 				
Heat cycle (Operation)	 -30 ± 3°C1hour 80 ± 3°C1hour 50cycles, 4 hours/cycle Display data is black. 				
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 30 ± 3°C30minutes 80 ± 3°C30minutes 100cycles, 1hour/cycle Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions			
ESD (Operation)	 150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV 9 places on a panel surface Note2 10 times each places at 1 sec interval 				
Dust (Operation)	 Sample dust: No. 15 (by JIS-Z8901)) 15 seconds stir 8 times repeat at 1 hour interval 				
Vibration (Non operation)	 5 to 100Hz, 19.6m/s² 1 minute/cycle X, Y, Z directions 120 times each directions 	No display malfunctions No physical damages			
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 539m/ s², 11ms ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions 5 times each directions 	110 physical damages			

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.



7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding these contents!



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by personnel or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by personnel, if customer has wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS



* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 539m/s^2 and equal to or no greater than 11 ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N ($\phi 16 \text{mm jig}$))

7.3 ATTENTIONS 1

7.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- 3 When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ④ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel.
- ⑤ The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura.
- **(6)** Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- (7) Do not push nor pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ① Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.

7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box should be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the leaving time sufficiently because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- 4) This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- 4 The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.

7.3.4 Other

- ① All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- 4 Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NLT for repair and so on.
- (5) The information of China RoHS directive six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

	China RoHS directive six l hazardous substances or elements								
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)				
×	0	0	0	0	0				

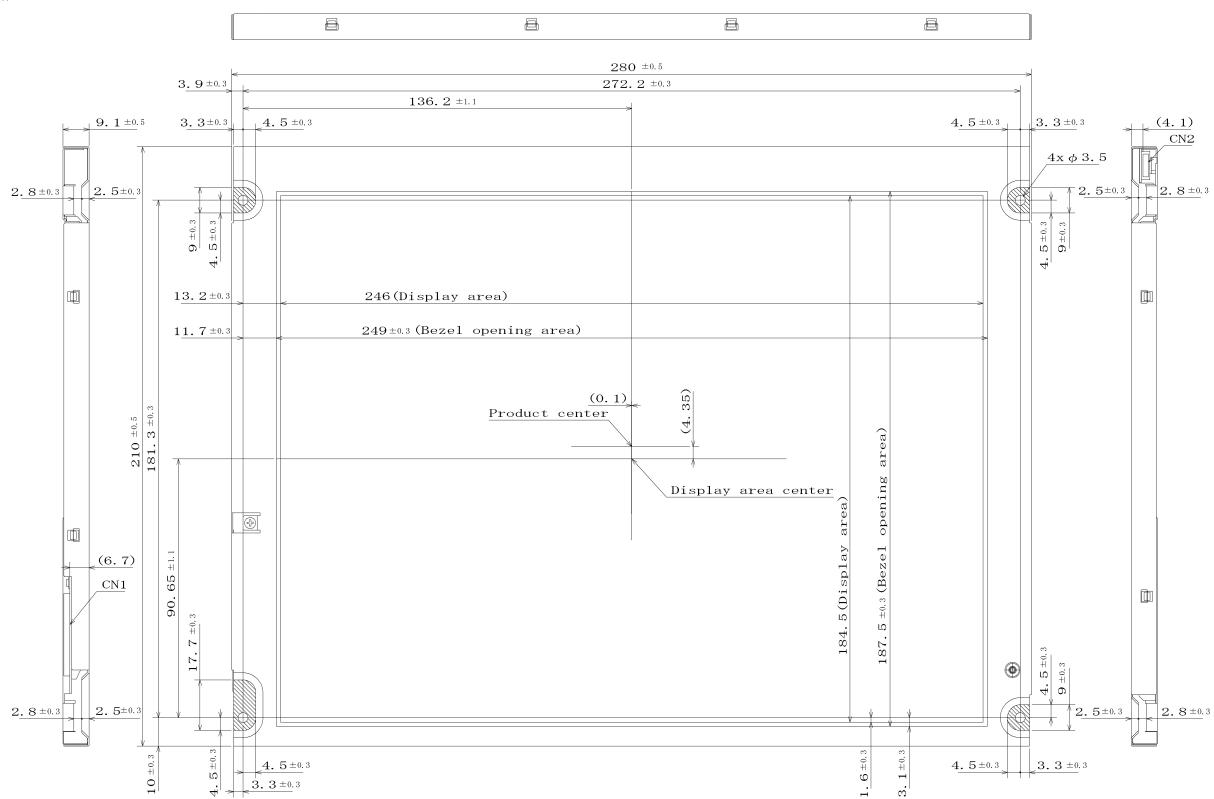
- Note1: (): This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.
 - X: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limitation level of SJ/T11363-2006 standard regulation.

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8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

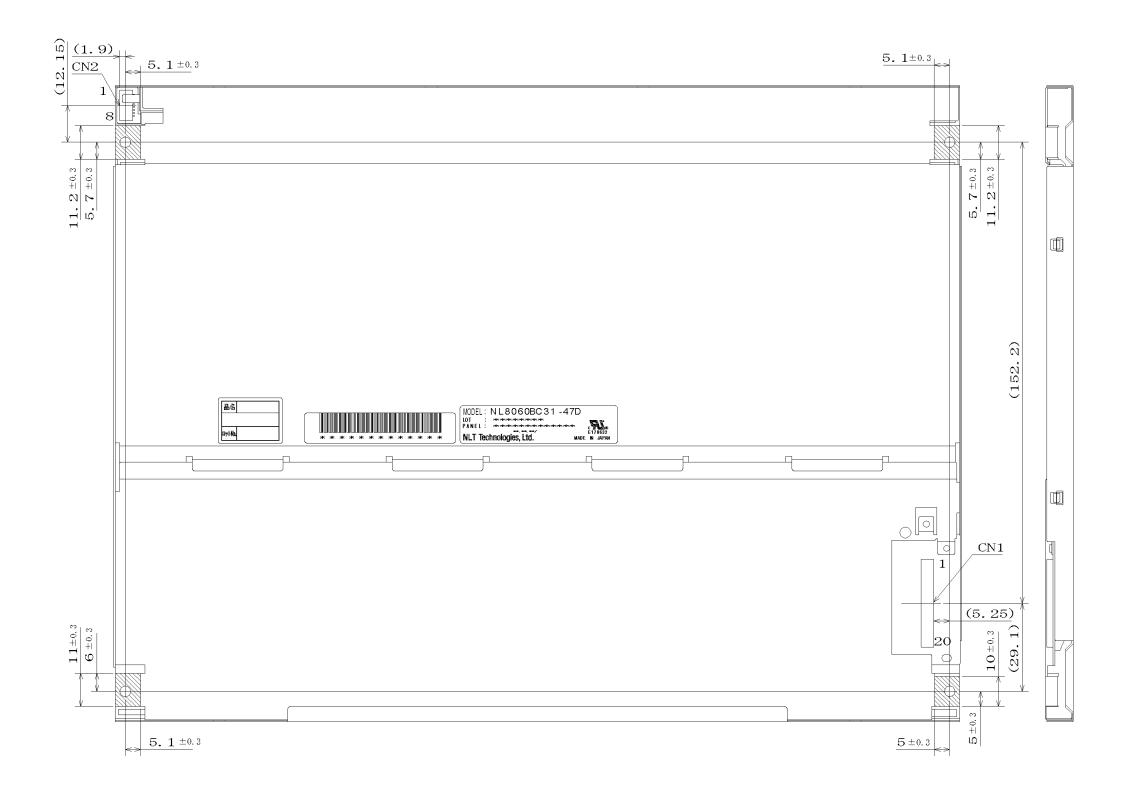
Note3: Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)

Unit: mm

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NL8060BC31-47D

8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.294N·m.

Note3: Mounting hole portions (4 pieces)



Our company network supports you worldwide with offices in Germany, Austria, Switzerland, the UK and the USA. For more information please contact:

Headquarters

Germany





FORTEC Elektronik AG

Lechwiesenstr. 9 86899 Landsberg am Lech

 Phone:
 +49 8191 91172-0

 E-Mail:
 sales@fortecag.de

 Internet:
 www.fortecag.de

Fortec Group Members

Austria





FORTEC Elektronik AG

Office Vienna

Nuschinggasse 12 1230 Wien

 Phone:
 +43 1 8673492-0

 E-Mail:
 office@fortec.at

 Internet:
 www.fortec.at

Germany





Distec GmbH

Augsburger Str. 2b 82110 Germering

Phone: +49 89 894363-0
E-Mail: info@distec.de
Internet: www.distec.de

Switzerland





ALTRAC AG

Bahnhofstraße 3 5436 Würenlos

Phone: +41 44 7446111
E-Mail: info@altrac.ch
Internet: www.altrac.ch

United Kingdom





Display Technology Ltd.

Osprey House, 1 Osprey Court Hichingbrooke Business Park Huntingdon, Cambridgeshire, PE29 6FN

Phone: +44 1480 411600

E-Mail: <u>info@displaytechnology.co.uk</u> Internet: <u>www. displaytechnology.co.uk</u>

USA



APOLLO DISPLAY TECHNOLOGIES

Apollo Display Technologies, Corp.

87 Raynor Avenue, Unit 1Ronkonkoma, NY 11779

 Phone:
 +1 631 5804360

 E-Mail:
 info@apollodisplays.com

 Internet:
 www.apollodisplays.com